

# Second-harmonic generation in periodically poled silicon waveguides with lateral p-i-n junctions

R. Franchi<sup>1</sup>, C. Castellan<sup>1</sup>, C. Vecchi<sup>1</sup>, M. Ghulinyan<sup>2</sup>, and L. Pavesi<sup>1</sup>

1. Nanoscience Laboratory, Department of Physics, Università degli Studi di Trento, IT- 38123 Povo, Italy  
2. Fondazione Bruno Kessler, IT- 38123 Povo, Italy

## Abstract

The aim of this work is to generate a second harmonic signal in silicon waveguides. We used the Electric Field Induced Second Harmonic Generation effect to overcome the silicon centrosymmetry. In this work we present a new poling configuration able to increase the SHG efficiency by about one order of magnitude.

## Nonlinear Optics

Dielectric polarization density:

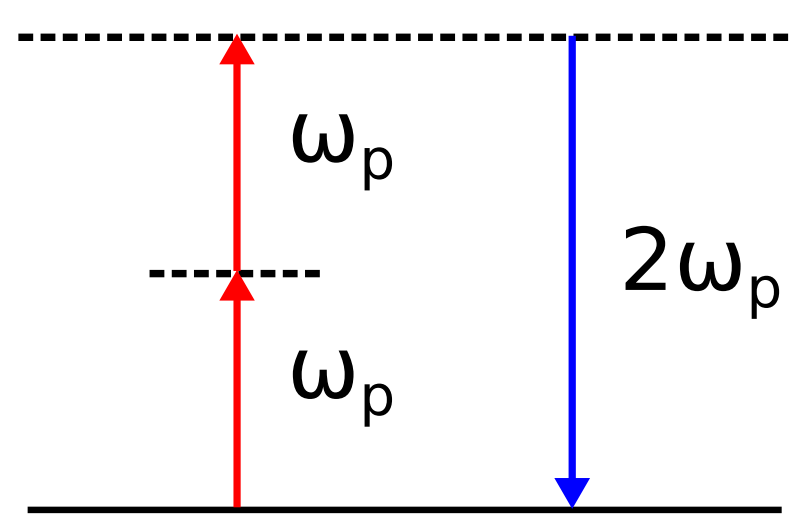
$$P(t) = \epsilon_0 (\chi^{(1)} E(t) + \chi^{(2)} E^2(t) + \chi^{(3)} E^3(t) + \dots)$$

Linear optical effects

Second Order Nonlinear effects

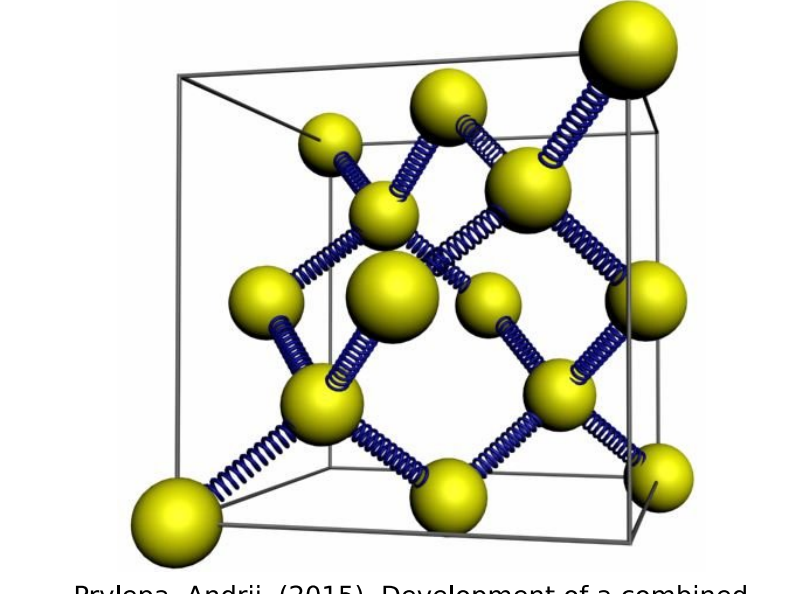
Third Order Nonlinear effects

Second Harmonic Generation



## Issue

Silicon is CENTROSYMMETRIC



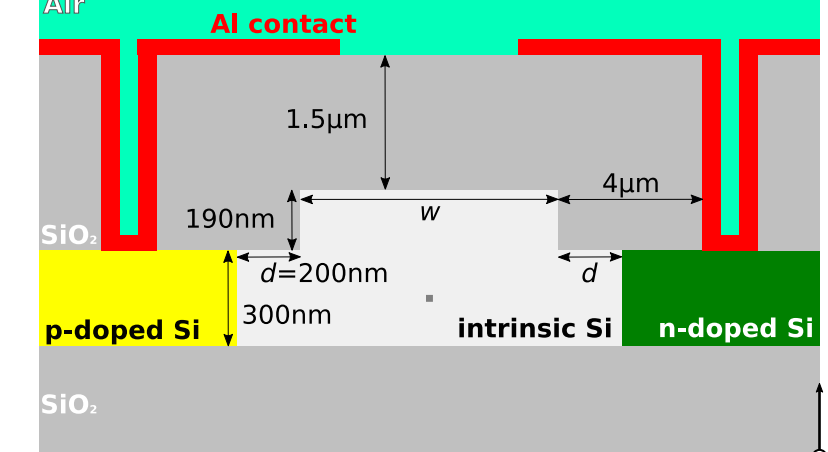
Prilepa, Andrii. (2015). Development of a combined rotation anisotropy SHG, laser scanning and interferometric SHG microscopy system for material investigations.

$\Rightarrow$  No  $\chi^{(2)}$

## Solution: Electric Field Induced Second Harmonic Generation (EFISHG)

Lateral p-i-n junction

Cross Section



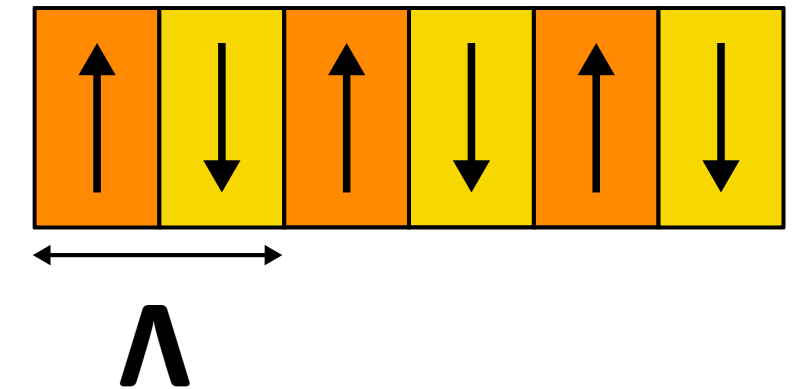
$$\chi_{eff}^{(2)} = 3E_{DC} \chi^{(3)}$$

Electric field-induced second-order nonlinear optical effects in silicon waveguides

Quasi phase matching

$$2k_p - k_{sh} + \frac{2\pi}{\Lambda} = 0$$

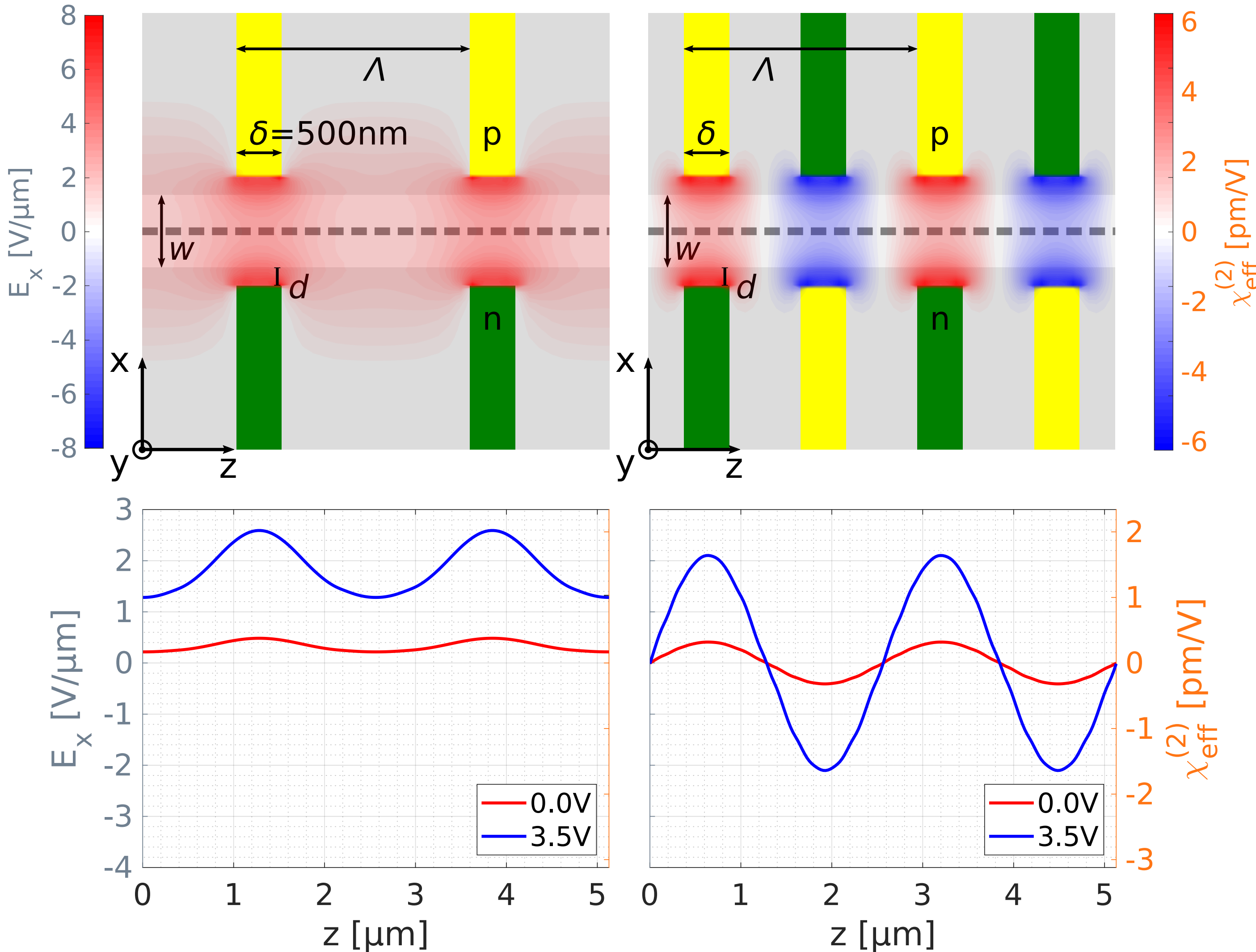
Periodic Poling



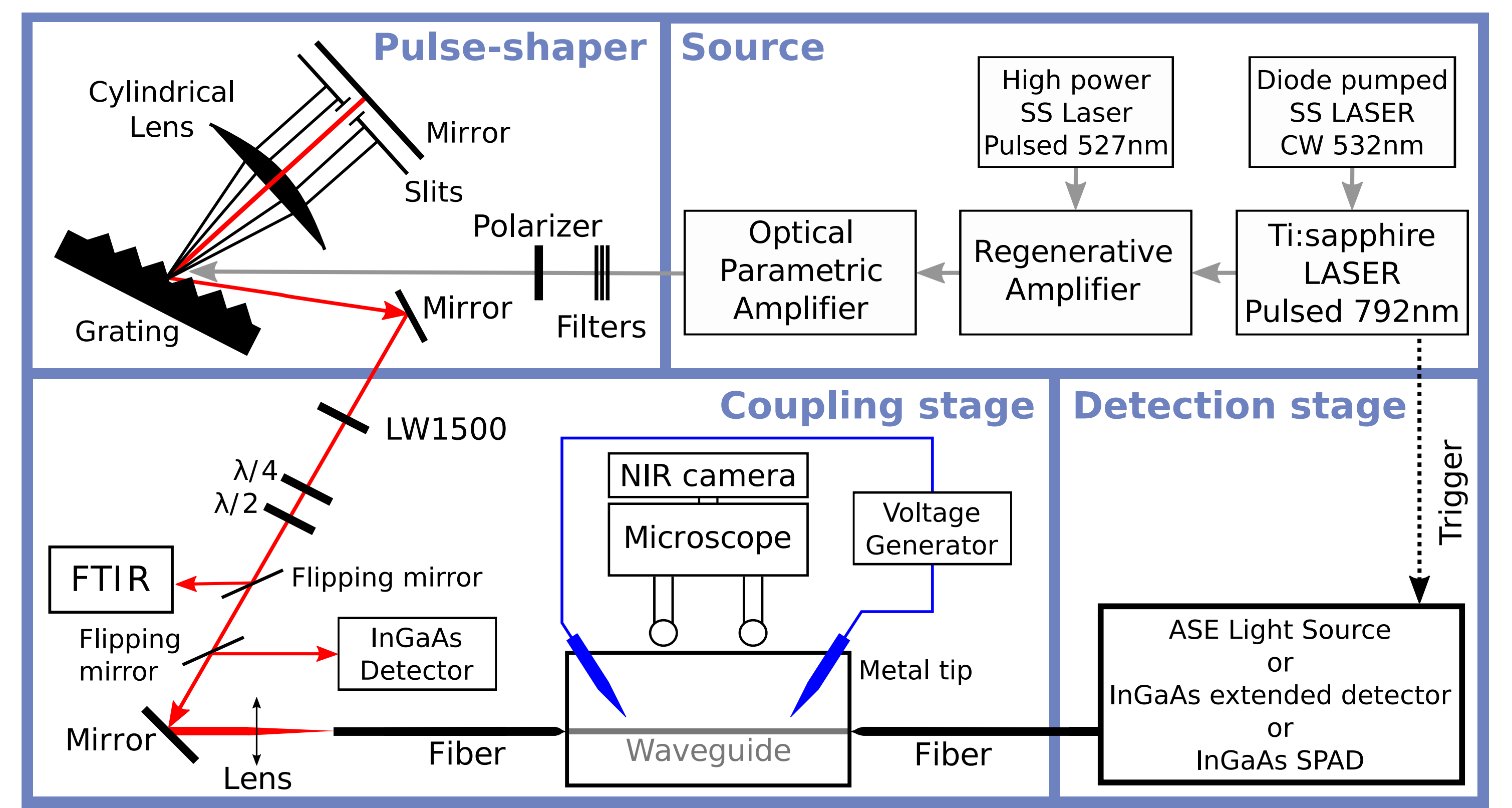
## Poling Configuration

Simple

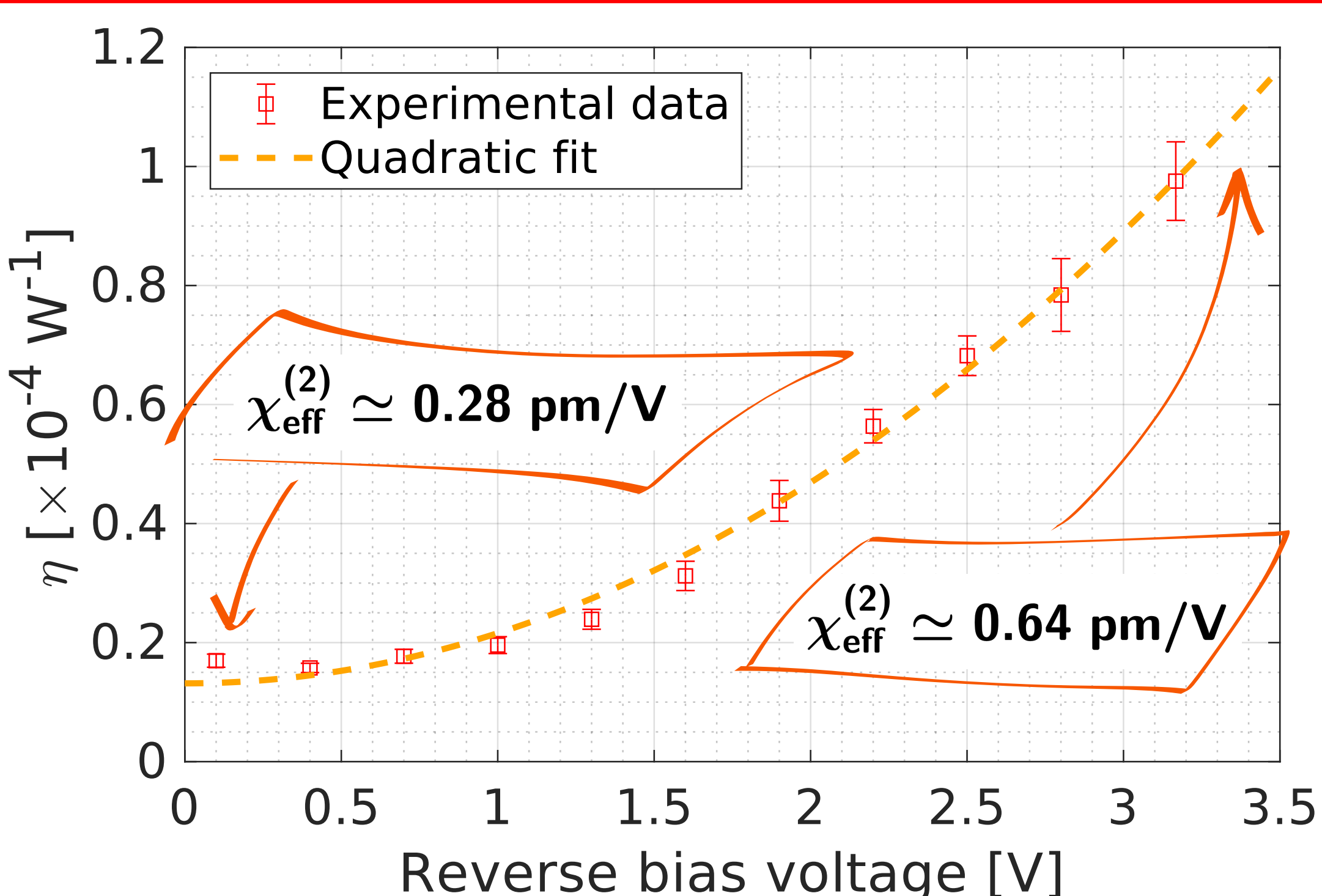
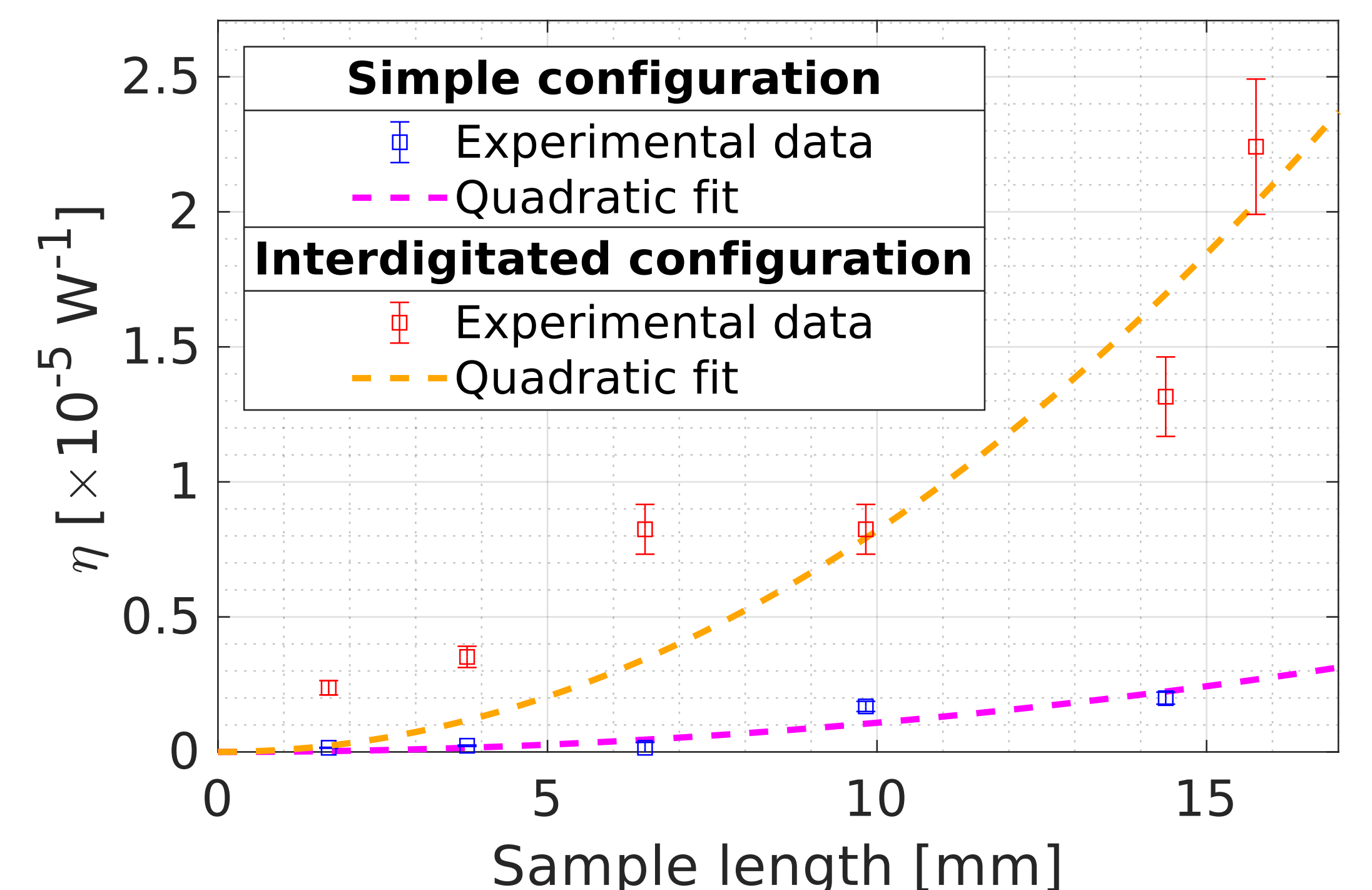
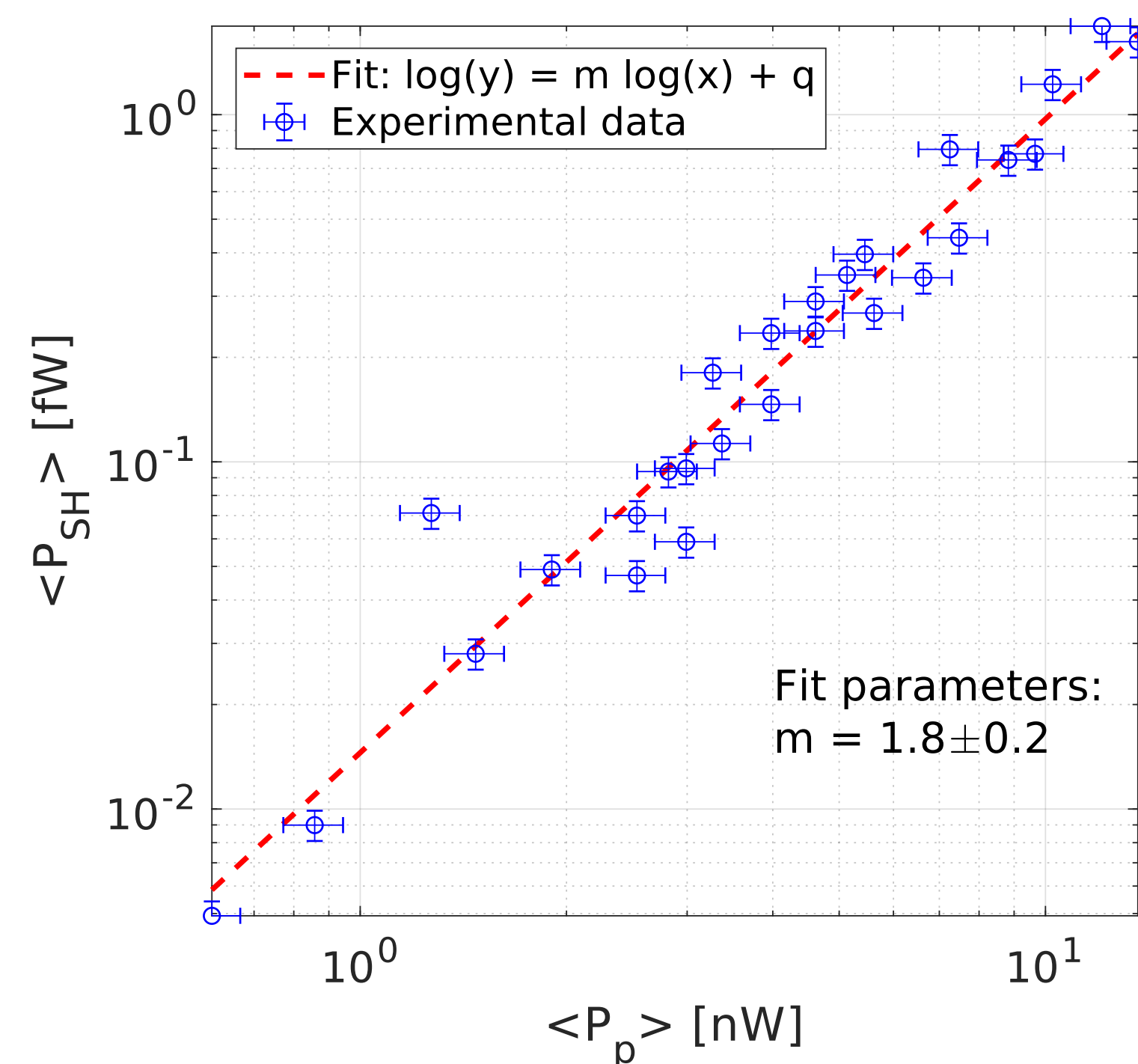
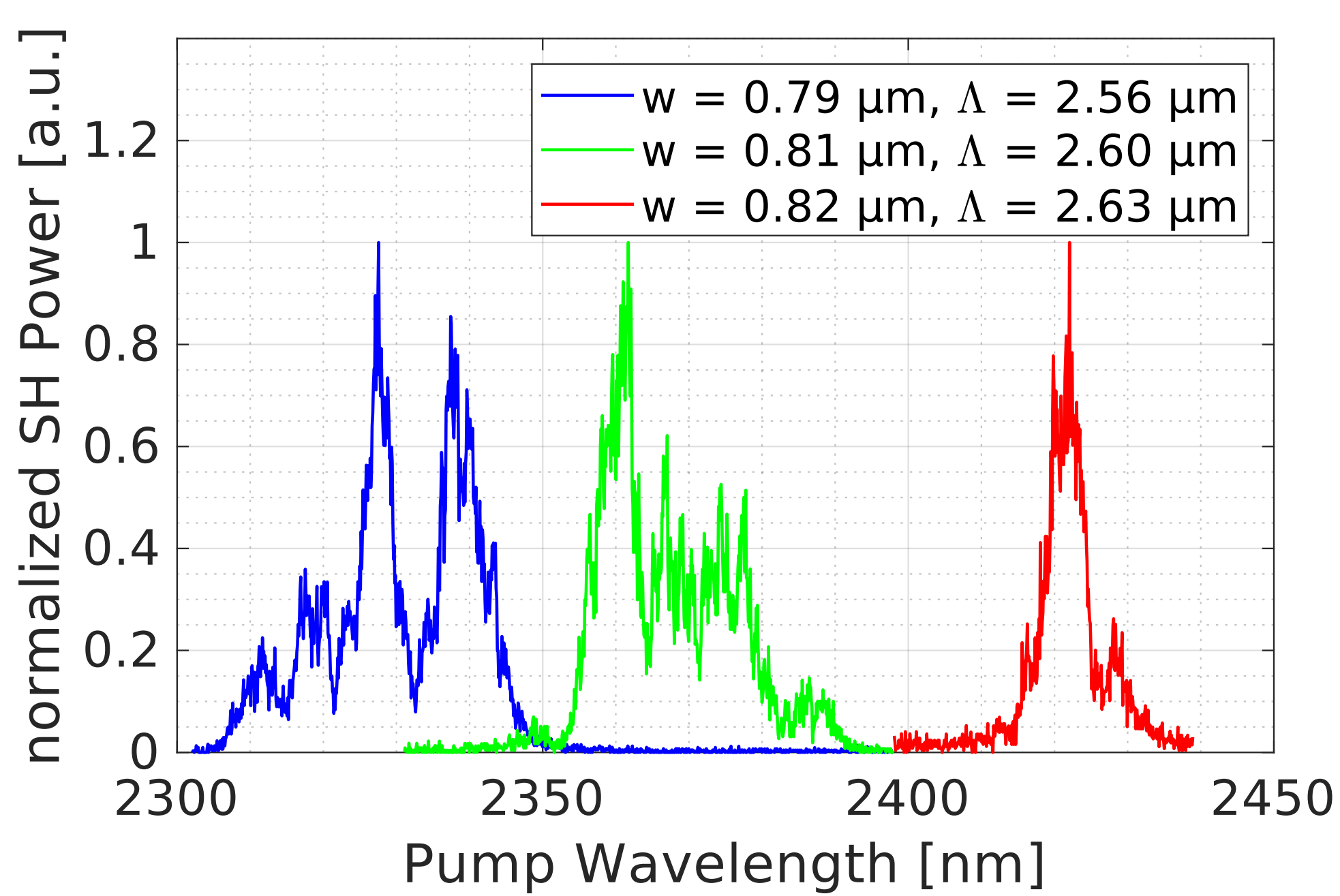
Interdigitated



## Experimental Setup



$$P_{sh} \propto P_p^2 |\chi_{eff}^{(2)}|^2 L^2 \Rightarrow \eta := \frac{P_{sh}}{P_p^2} \propto |\chi_{eff}^{(2)}|^2 L^2$$



## Perspectives

- Difference Frequency Generation (DFG)
- Spontaneous Parametric Down Conversion (SPDC) to generate entangled photon pairs in MIR
- Mid-Infrared (MIR) quantum sensing

DFG / SPDC

